Building Codes:

Economic Impact

Cindy Davis, Deputy Director, Division of Building & Fire Regulations

Virginia Department of Housing and Community Development

Business Perspective

Benefits

- Reduced energy costs
- Increased ability to withstand extreme weather events (resiliency)
- Uniformity
- Reduced insurance costs
- Increased aging population \$\$\$\$

Consumer Perspective

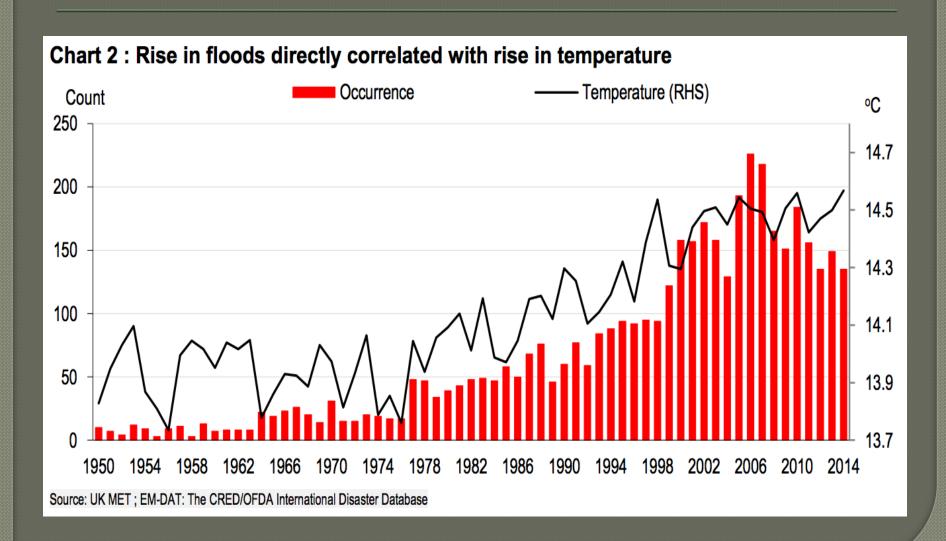
- Reduced energy costs
- Increased ability to withstand extreme weather events (Resiliency).
- Basic level of safety/confidence vs. buyer beware
- Increased safety/quality of life

Government Perspective

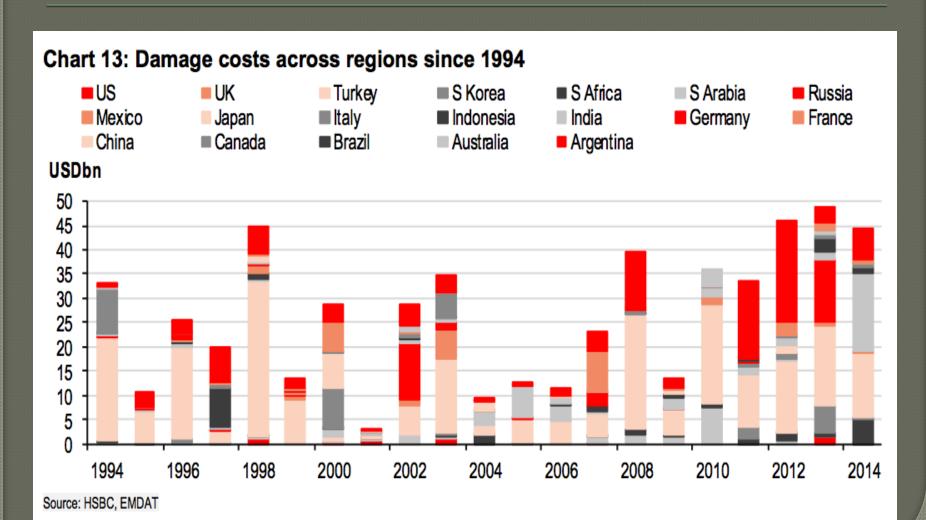
- The Federal Government incurred at least \$357 billion in direct costs over the last decade due to extreme weather and wildfires alone.
 - This represents a small fraction of the true economic cost and does not include costs absorbed by the private sector, state, tribal, and local governments, international disaster response and relief, military spending, healthcare expenses, and loss or damage to ecosystem services, among other costs (Council on Climate Preparedness and Resilience, 2016 pg 8).



Extreme Weather Chart



Costs of Damage



Microburst over Phoenix Arizona



Economic Impact

- True or False:
- insurance and aid from government agencies will allow merchants to pick up the pieces after a flood, major earthquake or like disaster
 - FALSE many types of disasters are not covered under normal insurance policies and aid from government agencies may be too little, too late.

Economic Impact

• Five years after Ike, only 41% of all the homes had been rebuilt or rehabilitated, according to data obtained from the General Land Office (Wilder, 2013).

Wilder, F. (2013). Five Years On, Hurricane Ike Recovery Still Painfully Slow. Texas Observer. Sept 20, 2013. Retrieved from https://www.texasobserver.org/five-years-hurricane-ike-recovery-effort-drags/

Economic Impact

- Forty % of businesses do not reopen after a disaster and another 25 % fail within one year according to the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).
- Statistics from the U.S. Small Business Administration show that > 90 % of businesses fail within two years after being struck by a disaster.

Mitigation Saves Report

Volume I

• "A dollar spent on mitigation saves society an average of \$4." (NIBS, 2005)

Volume II – Summer 2017

 Examination of the Value of Private Sector Investment in Mitigation". (NIBS, 2016)

Natural Hazard Mitigation Saves: An Independent Study To Assess the Future Savings from Mitigation Activities – National Institute for Building Sciences (2005).

No Codes – The Economic Impact

- the cost to public health and safety from design flaws or improper installation;
- the unnecessary cost to home owners, businesses and taxpayers from buildings wasting energy and water;
- Lower quality of the built environment = lower tax base
- Higher susceptibility to natural and manmade disasters

No Codes - Impact

- Haiti 2010 7.0 magnitude earthquake
 - Killed approximately 230,000
 - Injured 300,000
 - 1 million left homeless

VS

With Codes – Impact

- Chile 2010 8.8 magnitude earthquake
 - 521 killed

 The undisputed answer in the difference is the adoption and use of modern building codes

With Codes - Impact

- Model codes allow building suppliers to target a national market.
- Regularly upgraded building codes ensure new products and practices make their way into buildings when the time is right and are no longer experimental.
- Regular, incremental improvements help us continue to build better, and smarter, buildings as cost effectively as possible
- provide an insurance industry grappling with the effects of climate change and extreme weather with a baseline for estimating and managing risk

With Codes - Impact

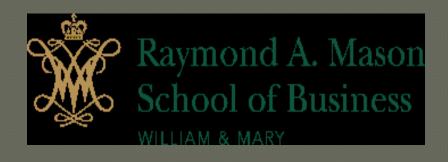
• Researchers at Louisiana State University found that if stronger building codes had been in place, wind damages from Hurricane Katrina would have been reduced by a whopping by 80 percent.

Economic Impacts of Virginia's Housing Industry

 Virginia Coalition of Housing and Economic Development Researchers









Economic Impacts of Virginia's Housing Industry cont'd

- © Created \$47.8 billion in economic activity in 2015
- Supported over 314,000 jobs paying more than \$14 billion in annual wages
- Approximately 8% of VA jobs are related to private sector housing activities

2015 ECONOMIC IMPACT OF THE

VIRGINIA HOUSING INDUSTRY

\$47.8 Billion Economic Activity



\$23.3 Billion Value Added to Gross State Product



314,299 Jobs



\$1.66 Billion State and Local Taxes



\$14.2 Billion Labor Income

Cth

LARGEST PRIVATE
SECTOR INDUSTRY

by Direct Output



This research was commissioned by the Governor's Housing Policy Advisory Council, whose members provided invaluable guidance and information to the research project. The full report and companion research projects for Assessing the Importance of Housing for Virginia's Economy can be accessed at www.virginiahousingpolicy.com.

Economic Impacts of Virginia's Housing Industry cont'd

"Housing plays a critical role in economic and community development, and housing quality can significantly influence health and education outcomes, as well as access to economic opportunity" (Clower & White, 2016).

Clower, T. & White, M., (2016). *Economic Impacts of Virginia's Housing Industry*. Virginia Coalition of Housing and Economic Development Researchers. Center for Regional Analysis, George Mason University

IBHS Rating of 18 Hurricane Prone States



Virginia's rank in code strength by the Insurance Institute for Business and Home Safety

Gilchrist, TX – Hurricane Ike

